SAFETY DATA SHEET



DriBond

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : DriBond
Product code : Not available.
Other means of : Not available.

identification

Product type : Powder.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Thin section concrete pavers and natural stone material.

Area of application : Consumer applications, Professional applications.

Supplier/Manufacturer: Techniseal

300, avenue Liberté

Candiac, QC, Canada, J5R 6X1

Tel: (514) 523-2110 Toll free: 1-800-465-7325 Fax: (450) 633-3035

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: service@techniseal.com

Emergency telephone number (with hours of

operation)

: CANUTEC (613) 996-6666

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

SKIN CORROSION - Category 1
H318 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
H317 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
H350 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

H372 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) -

Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H350 - May cause cancer.

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (lungs)

Precautionary statements

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

P260 - Do not breathe dust or mist.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response : $\overrightarrow{P3}08 + P313 - IF$ exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

P304 + P340, P310 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or

doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or

doctor.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a

POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage : P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

: Keep container tightly closed. Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not breathe dust.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: Causes respiratory tract burns.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture
Other means of
identification

: Mixture

: Not available.

Ingredient name	Other names	%	CAS number
rystalline silica	-	≥25 - ≤50	14808-60-7
Hydraulic cement	-	≥25 - ≤50	65997-15-1
Limestone	-	≤10	1317-65-3
calcium oxide	-	≤3	1305-78-8

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Corrosive to the respiratory system. Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory

or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.

Skin contact : Zauses severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use water jet.

metal oxide/oxides

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: No specific fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Fromptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill

: Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

• Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe dust. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
ørystalline silica	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable
	TWA: 10 mg/m³ / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 50 μg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).
	TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: respirable dust
Hydraulic cement	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).
	TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
	TWA: 10 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Total
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	-
	TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
Limestone	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
	TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
	TWA: 10 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Total
calcium oxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).
	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 2 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state : Solid. [Powder.]

Color : Gray.

Odor : Not available.
Odor threshold : Not available.
pH : Not available.
Melting point : Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling : Not available.

point, and boiling range

Flash point : Mot applicable.
Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability : Not available.
Lower and upper explosion : Mot applicable.

Lower and upper explosio limit/flammability limit

Vapor pressure : Not available.

Relative vapor density : Mot applicable.

Relative density : 2.7

Density : Not available.

Solubility : Partially soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Mot applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

SADT

Viscosity

Flow time (ISO 2431)

: Mot applicable.

Not available.

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not available.

Additional information

Physical/chemical : No additional information.

properties comments

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Keep away from heat. Avoid contact with water and moisture until use.

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: acids, alkalis and moisture. Ammonium salt. Aluminum.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
pr ystalline silica	LD50 Oral	Rat	>22500 mg/kg	-
Hydraulic cement	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
Limestone	LD50 Oral	Rat	6450 mg/kg	-
calcium oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male,	>6.04 mg/l	4 hours
		Female		
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	>2000 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary :

: Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
rystalline silica	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	3.3	Route of exposure	Target organs
√ydraulic cement	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
rystalline silica	Category 1	inhalation	lungs
Limestone	Category 2	inhalation	lungs

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Corrosive to the respiratory system. Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory

or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.

Skin contact : Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Repeated or

prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation. Once sensitized, a

severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)		(vapors)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
p riBond	125007.4	2587.9	N/A	N/A	N/A
Hydraulic cement	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Limestone	6450	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
calcium oxide	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
zálcium oxide		Fish - Oreochromis niloticus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	46 days

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
⊘ alcium oxide	-	2.34	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according

to IMO instruments

: Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : PSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class I Substances

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances

: Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)

: Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals

: Not listed

(Essential Chemicals)

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : SKIN CORROSION - Category 1

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

HNOC - Corrosive to respiratory tract

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Section 15. Regulatory information

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
<mark>⊭</mark> rystalline silica	≥25 - ≤50	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 1
Hydraulic cement	≥25 - ≤50	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		HNOC - Corrosive to digestive tract
Limestone	≤10	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 2
calcium oxide	≤3	SKIN CORROSION - Category 1
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
		HNOC - Corrosive to digestive tract
		HNOC - Corrosive to respiratory tract

SARA 313

Not applicable.

State regulations

Massachusetts : ▶ fe following components are listed: SILICA, CRYSTALLINE, QUARTZ; QUARTZ;

SILICA CRYSTALLENE QUARTZ; PORTLAND CEMENT; CALCIUM CARBONATE;

MARBLE DUST; CALCIUM OXIDE; MAGNESIUM OXIDE FUME

New York : None of the components are listed.

New Jersey : The following components are listed: SILICA, QUARTZ; QUARTZ (SiO2); SILICA,

CRYSTALLINE-QUARTZ; SILICA, CRYSTALLINE; SILICATE, PORTLAND CEMENT; CEMENT, PORTLAND, CHEMICALS; PORTLAND CEMENT; CALCIUM CARBONATE; VALERITE; MARBLE; LIMESTONE; GYPSUM; CALCIUM OXIDE; QUICK LIME; LIME;

MAGNESIUM OXIDE

CHEMICALS; LIMESTONE; GYPSUM; CALCIUM OXIDE; MAGNESIUM OXIDE

California Prop. 65

MARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Silica, crystalline and Titanium dioxide, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name		Maximum acceptable dosage level
∭iica, crystalline	-	-
Titanium dioxide	-	-

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

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Section 15. Regulatory information

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
KIN CORROSION - Category 1	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1	Calculation method

History

Date of issue/Date of

revision

: 06/29/2021

Date of previous issue

03/28/2017

Version

: 2

Prepared by

: Sphera Solutions

Key to abbreviations

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

AMP = Acceptable maximum peak above the acceptable ceiling concentration for an

8-hr shift

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as

modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available UN = United Nations

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DriBond

Section 16. Other information

References

: HCS (U.S.A.)- Hazard Communication Standard International transport regulations

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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