## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Techniseal<sup>®</sup>

Crack filler for asphalt (cartridge)

## Section 1. Identification

Product identifier	: Crack filler for asphalt (cartridge)
Product code	: Not available.
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Use as a crack filler and stop deterioration caused by water and frost.
Area of application	: Consumer applications, Professional applications.
Supplier/Manufacturer	: Techniseal 300, avenue Liberté Candiac, QC, Canada, J5R 6X1 Tel: (514) 523-2110 Toll free: 1-800-465-7325 Fax: (450) 633-3035
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: service@techniseal.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CANUTEC (613) 996-6666

## Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the	: H226	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	H319	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	H350	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1
	H361	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
	H372	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 1
	H304	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	:		
Signal word Hazard statements		Danger 1226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.	
		H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airway H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H350 - May cause cancer. H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unbo H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolong hervous system (CNS), hearing organs, lungs, ner Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and ca	orn child. Jed or repeated exposure. (central vous system)
Precautionary statements			
Date of issue/Date of revision		: 16/05/2023 Date of previous issue : 18/04/2019	Version : 2 1/15

## Section 2. Hazard identification

General	<ul> <li>P103 - Read label before use.</li> <li>P102 - Keep out of reach of children.</li> <li>P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.</li> </ul>
Prevention	<ul> <li>         201 - Obtain special instructions before use.     </li> <li>         P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.     </li> <li>         P280 - Wear protective gloves: &gt; 8 hours (breakthrough time): Recommended: natural rubber (latex). Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection.     </li> <li>         P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.     </li> <li>         P260 - Do not breathe vapor.     </li> <li>         P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.     </li> <li>         P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.     </li> </ul>
Response	<ul> <li>P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P301 + P310, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.</li> </ul>
Storage	: P405 - Store locked up.
Disposal	<ul> <li>P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>
Supplemental label elements	: $ ot\!$

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

Ingredient name	Other names	% (w/w)	CAS number
Stoddard solvent	-	≥15 - ≤40 ≥5 - ≤10	8052-41-3 1330-20-7
Kaolin Styrene-Butadiene copolymer	-	≥1 - ≤5 ≥1 - ≤5	1332-58-7 9003-55-8
crystalline silica, respirable powder	-	≥0.1 - ≤1	14808-60-7

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

## Section 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Set medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health eff	ects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Over-exposure signs/syn	<u>ptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 16/05/2023 Date of previous issue : 18/04/2019 Version : 2 3/15

## Section 4. First-aid measures

Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
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See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides sulfur oxides calcium oxide hydrogen sulfide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

:18/04/2019

Version : 2

4/15

: 16/05/2023 Date of previous issue

Date of issue/Date of revision

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handlin	1
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Stoddard solvent	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 572 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 290 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 580 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 525 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
xylene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Dimethylbenzene (o,m & p isomers)] 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Xylene (o, m & p isomers)] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Xylene (o-,m-,p- isomers)] TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Xylene (o, m-, p-isomers)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Kaolin	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: respirable fraction TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction</li> </ul>
Date of issue/Date of revision : 16/05/2023 D	ate of previous issue : 18/04/2019 Version : 2 6/15

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	6/2022). Notes: the value is for
	particulate matter containing no asbestos
	and less than 1% crystalline silica.
	TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable
crystalline silica, respirable powder	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	6/2022). [Silica, Crystalline - alpha quartz
	and Cristobalite Respirable]
	TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).
	[Silica Crystalline -Quartz]
	TWAEV: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable dust.
	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
	8 hrs OEL: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable particulate
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
	[Silica, Crystalline (Quartz/Tripoli)]
	TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	particulate matter.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013).
	TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:
	respirable fraction

#### **Biological exposure indices**

None known.

Appropriate engineering : controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure : controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures :	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection :	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

-	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Recommended: natural rubber (latex)
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Appearance**

Appearance						
Physical state	:	<mark>⊿</mark> íquid. [Thick]				
Color	:	Black.	lack.			
Odor	:	Solvent	Solvent			
Odor threshold	:	Not available.				
рН	:	Not available.				
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.				
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	140 to 200°C (284 to 392°F)				
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 28°C (82.4°F)	[Pensky-Martens]			
Evaporation rate	1	0.1 to 0.15 (butyl acetate =	1 to 0.15 (butyl acetate = 1)			
Flammability	1	lot available.				
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	:	Lower: 1% Upper: 6%				
Vapor pressure	1	Ø.93 kPa (7 mm Hg)				
Relative vapor density	1	3.9 [Air = 1]				
Relative density	1	Not available.				
Density	:	1.22 g/cm <sup>3</sup>				
Solubility(ies)	1	Media	Result			
		oold water hot water	Not soluble Not soluble			
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	;	Not applicable.				
Auto-ignition temperature	:	245°C (473°F) (Solvent.)				
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.				
Date of issue/Date of revision		: 16/05/2023 Date of previou	s issue : 18/04/2019	Version	:2	8/15

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Viscosity	: Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.
Other information	
Physical/chemical properties comments	: <b>№</b> olatility (V/V (%)): 25 to 35

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials acids Fluorine
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

: Not available.

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
<b>xy</b> lene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
Kaolin	LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal	Rat Rat	4300 mg/kg >5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Date of issue/Date of revision

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	. -
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
Styrene-Butadiene copolymer	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 24 hours 500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: Not available.				
Eyes	: Not available.				
Respiratory	: Not available.				
Sensitization					
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: Not available.				
Respiratory	: Not available.				
Mutagenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Carcinogenicity	· Not available.				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Classification	· Not available.				
Product/ingredient name		IARC	NTF	)	ACGIH
xylene		3			A4
Kaolin		-	-		A4
Styrene-Butadiene copolyn		3 1	-		-
crystalline silica, respirable powder				wn to be a huma sinogen.	n A2
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<u>Feratogenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Specific target organ toxic	ity (single exposure)				
Name		Category	Rout	te of Tai	rget organs
xylene		Category 3	-		spiratory tract
Са		Category 3			ation rcotic effects
Specific target organ toxic	ity (repeated exposure)				
Name		Category	Rout	te of Tai	rget organs

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Stoddard solvent	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)
xylene	Category 2	-	hearing organs, nervous system
Kaolin	Category 1	-	lungs
crystalline silica, respirable powder	Category 1	-	kidneys, respiratory tract
Date of issue/Date of revision : 16/05/2023 Date	te of previous issue	18/04/2019	Version : 2 10/15

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Stoddard solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	:	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations</li> </ul>
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations</li> </ul>

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 16/05/2023 Date of previous issue : 18/04/2019 Version : 2	11/15
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.	
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonger repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or derma	
Potential chronic health eff	iects	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Long term exposure		
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Potential immediate	: Not available.	
Short term exposure		

## Section 11. Toxicological information

**Reproductive toxicity** 

: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	(gases)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
rack filler for asphalt (cartridge)	52425.3	3657.6		N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1100		N/A	N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
<b>x</b> ylene	Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
kylene	OECD 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	98 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
<b>x</b> ylene	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Stoddard solvent	3.16 to 7.06	-	high
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Iow

Mobility in soil Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	:	Not available.
Other adverse effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	TDG Classification	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1999	<b>V</b> N1999	UN1999	UN1999
UN proper shipping name	TARS, LIQUID	🗗 ars, liquid	TARS, LIQUID	Tars, liquid
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	Ш	Ш	Ш	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

#### Additional information

TDG Classification	:	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3). Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 5 Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index 60
DOT Classification	:	<b><u>Limited quantity</u></b> Yes. <u>Packaging instruction</u> Exceptions: 150. Non-bulk: 203. Bulk: 242. <u>Quantity limitation</u> Passenger aircraft/rail: 60 L. Cargo aircraft: 220 L. <u>Special provisions</u> B1, B13, IB3, T1, TP3
IMDG	:	Emergency schedules F-E, S-E Special provisions 955
ΙΑΤΑ	:	Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 355. Cargo Aircraft Only: 220 L. Packaging instructions: 366. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 10 L. Packaging instructions: Y344. Special provisions A3

# Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

## Section 14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### Canadian lists

**Canadian NPRI** 

<b>CEPA Toxic substances</b>	: None of the components are listed.
Canada inventory	: All components are listed or exempted.
International regulations	
<u>Chemical Weapon Conven</u>	tion List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.	
Montreal Protocol	
Not listed.	
Stockholm Convention on	Persistent Organic Pollutants
Not listed.	
Rotterdam Convention on	Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

: The following components are listed: stoddard solvent; xylene (all isomers)

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

## Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 16/05/2023
Date of previous issue	: 18/04/2019
Version	: 2
Prepared by	: Sphera Solutions
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available UN = United Nations</li> </ul>

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	On basis of test data
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1	Calculation method
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	Expert judgment
Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1	Calculation method

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 16/05/2023 Date of previous issue

ssue : 18/04/2019

Version : 2

<sup>14/15</sup> 

## Section 16. Other information

References

: HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

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Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.